Harnessing Piezoelectricity to Create Kinetic Walkways

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Introduction

1. Problem Statement

- a. Pressing environmental concerns have led to a deterioration of energy resources.
- b. Using piezoelectric cells, the possibility of designing and introducing kinetic walkways in public spaces to harness energy will be discussed.
- c. The specific circuit diagrams required, that would constitute such a walkway with an efficient arrangement to capture maximum energy.

2. Objective

- a. To find an alternative energy source while benefiting public health.
- b. To optimize the collection of energy and find an ideal arrangement of cells.

3. Why It Matters

- a. An environmentally friendly source of energy, using piezoelectric cells to allow renewable energy generation.
- b. A walkway with the purpose of bettering the environment would create an incentive for walking and may also improve the general health of society.

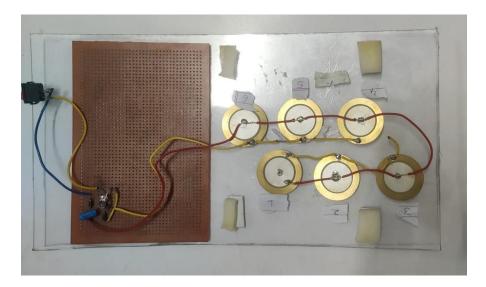
Literature Review

- 1. Piezoelectric walkways in public areas
- 2. Study on the types and workings of piezoelectric cells
- 3. The depletion of energy resources available in the foreseeable future

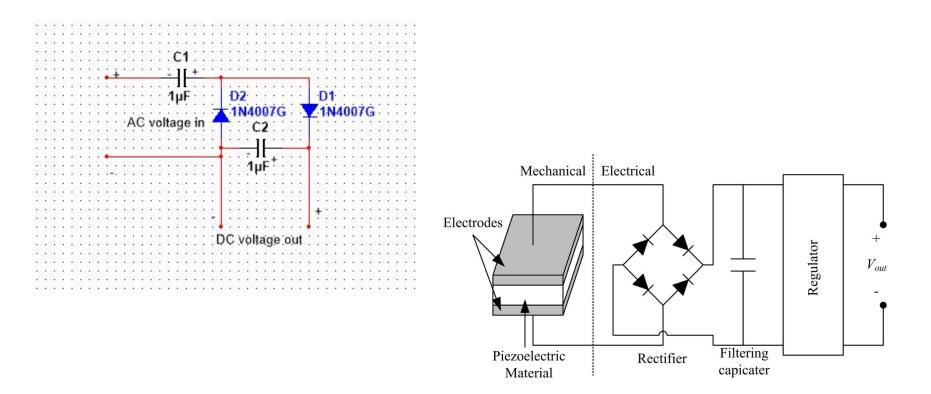


Materials

- 1. Piezoelectric cells
- 2. Multimeter
- 3. Acrylic, Styrofoam, Hookup wire, Capacitors, Diodes, PVC Sheet, Glue.
- 4. 2kg Weight, 15cm Ruler



Circuit Diagrams



Timeline

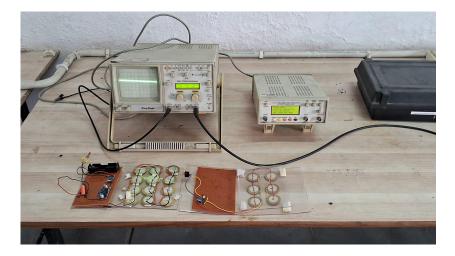
Gantt Chart

Task	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау
1. Ideation and initial development									
2. Circuit diagram development									
3. Data collection									
4. Study on piezoelectric cells									
5. Compilation of results and deductions									
6. Drafting of research paper									
7. Research paper finalized									

Methods

A 2 kilogram weight was taken as a constant to measure the amount of energy generated due to pressure. 5 readings were recorded, and an average was taken.*

*A height of 15 centimeters was ensured by using a ruler at every drop and ensuring a constant room temperature to create consistent testing conditions. After each drop, the voltage was dropped to zero before taking another reading to ensure no changes. We measured the distance accurately to 0.1 decimal place.





The generated voltages were low due to the smaller amount of weight and piezoelectric sensors. However, even in this smaller sample size, we can clearly see that the matrix configuration was 11.6% higher than the alternating configuration.

Readings : Alternative Configuration	Readings : Matrix Configuration	
0.30V	0.50V	
0.60V	0.90V	
0.50V	0.30V	
0.70V	0.50V	
0.23V	0.40V	
Average reading taken: 0.47V	Average reading taken: 0.52V	

Evaluation

Through the readings, it can be deduced that the matrix configuration is an optimal arrangement of piezoelectric cells in a circuit to maximize energy collection in a kinetic walkway. We studied the different readings from different configurations of piezoelectric sensors as an efficacy and design problem.

The design of these walkways would be created with the optimization of energy using piezoelectric sensors. We studied how the design and the arrangement of the piezoelectric cells would impact the final design of the kinetic walkway. We considered a symmetric and a non-symmetric design and finally decided to use matrix and alternate arrangements.



- 1. The project could later be conducted at a larger scale with larger weights and more cells, with more readings to add to accuracy.
- 2. The design of a fully functional circuit for the walkway was the main idea for this paper, which could be further developed into a tangible kinetic walkway.



Summary:

- 1. The matrix arrangement of cells was 11.6% more efficient compared to the alternate arrangement.
- 2. This implies that in the final and larger-scale production of kinetic walkways, we must consider matrix arrangements for energy optimization.
- 3. The movement on those areas and walkways would help generate enough electricity to power the local area, thus cutting down on electricity costs and, moreover, addressing larger health related and environmental issues.



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